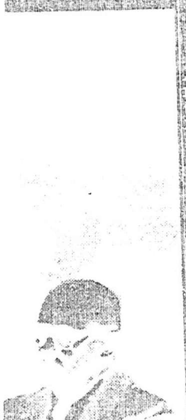
NYT - 11/16/63

SENATE APPROVES [illegible] OF $3.7 BILLION BY 63 TO 17; FURTHER CUT IN PROSPECT

... the A.F.L.-C.I.O. by ... before 2,000 cheering ... the labor federation.



[illegible] Jobs Vital, [illegible] Civil Rights

ZORIN DECLARES LAW WILL DECIDE BARGHOORN CASE

Charges Professor Was Not Doing 'Proper Work' While Visiting the Soviet Union

By HENRY TANNER

Special to The New York Times

MOSCOW, Nov. 15—Valerian A. Zorin, a Deputy Foreign Minister, declared today that the fate of Prof. Frederick C. Barghoorn was for Soviet "legal authorities" to decide.

Mr. Zorin asserted that the 52-year-old Yale expert on Soviet studies, who is being held on espionage charges, was "not doing the proper work" of a scholar while in the Soviet Union.

In a talk with reporters, the Soviet official criticized the United States Government for having created an "artificial link" between Professor Barghoorn's case and the Soviet-American cultural exchange program.

For the fourth consecutive day the United States Embassy demanded unsuccessfully the right to have the prisoner visited by a consular official. Professor Barghoorn has not been seen by an American since he was arrested here Oct. 31 or Nov. 1.

No Softening of Position

Mr. Zorin's remarks were interpreted by Western diplomats [illegible] that the Soviet Government was in no way softening its stand in spite of the protest yesterday by President Kennedy and the uproar the arrest has caused in the United States. Mr. Kennedy said Professor Barghoorn was "innocent of any intelligence mission."

[Observers in Washington saw the Barghoorn case as [illegible] a contest of wills between the United States and the Soviet Union that might affect their relations on other issues.]

Mr. Zorin was interviewed by American correspondents after a meeting commemorating the establishment of diplomatic relations between the United States and the Soviet Union 30 years ago.

The meeting was sponsored by the Institute of Soviet-American Relations, a state organization concerned with cultural relations between the two countries. It was boycotted by [illegible] State[s] Embassy be-

Wheat Sale to Soviet Bogs Again on Rates

By WILLIAM M. BLAIR

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15—The sale of wheat to the Soviet Union has become snagged again.

American grain traders reported today that the Russians had said they were not ready to accept any offers at this time.

But talks have not been broken off. Traders and Soviet officials still are discussing such details as timing of shipments and ports of delivery.

It was understood that Sergei A. Borisov, First Deputy Trade Minister, who has conducted the government-to-government negotiations on the wheat deal, was seeking new talks with United States officials.

Administration sources indicated that the Soviet was

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1,000 U. S. TROOPS TO LEAVE VIETNAM

General Says Withdrawal Is Planned for Next Month—Week's Fighting Fierce

By The Associated Press

SAIGON, South Vietnam, Nov. 15—The withdrawal of 1,000 United States servicemen from South Vietnam will start Dec. 3, Maj. Gen. Charles J. Timmes announced today. The men are to depart by the end of the year, leaving about 15,500 American troops in the country.

General Timmes heads the Military Advisory Assistance Group in Vietnam. The Pentagon has expressed a belief that the Communist guerrillas can be subdued so that the need for major United States involvement in the war will end by December, 1965.

[President Kennedy said at his news conference Thursday that he hoped to bring home "several hundred" men by the end of the year. The number may be determined at a policy meeting next Wednesday, he added.]

General Timmes's announcement followed a week of fierce fighting in the long war between the Vietcong guerrillas and Vietnamese Government troops backed by the United States.

About 200 Americans are ex-

SLASHES ASSAILED

Bill Changed to Point of 'Nonrecognition,' Fulbright Says

By FELIX BELAIR Jr.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15—The Senate approved a $3.7 billion foreign aid authorization today and sent the battered bill to a conference with House negotiators for adjustment of differences. The vote was 63 to 17.

The House passed an aid authorization bill totaling $3.5 billion on Aug. 23.

If the conference committee follows past practice, a compromise figure of about $3.6 billion is likely.

The Senate measure, voted after three weeks of protracted and sometimes acrimonious debate, authorizes $500 million less than was endorsed by the Foreign Relations Committee and $800 million less than President Kennedy had asked.

Complaint by Senator

Senator J. W. Fulbright, Democrat of Arkansas, the Foreign Relations Committee chairman, said before the final vote:

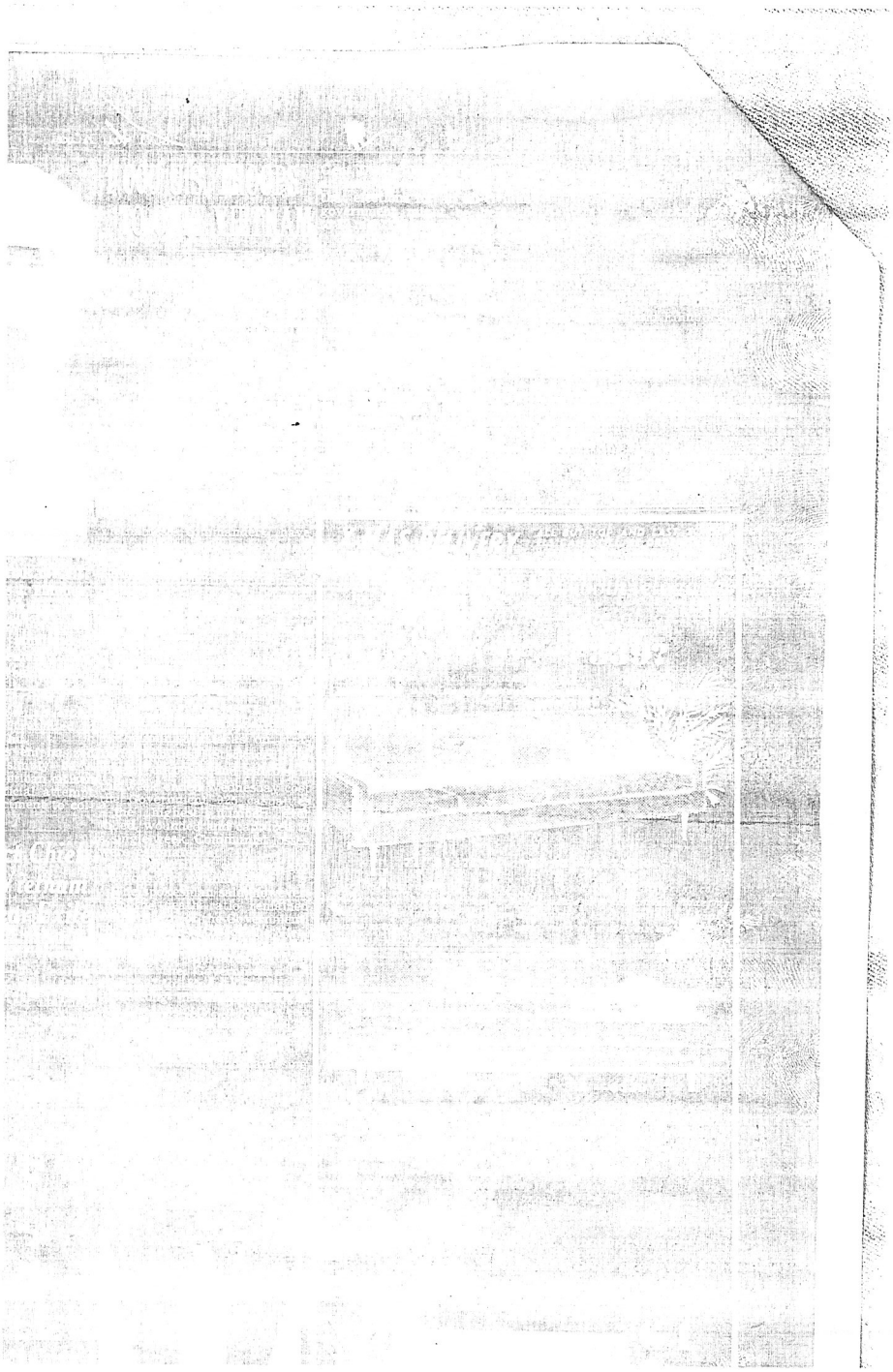
"The bill has been emasculated now to the point of nonrecognition."

But there was even worse trouble ahead for the Administration on the impending legislation that will appropriate the money for foreign aid under the ceiling authorized today.

Representative Otto E. Passman, Democrat of Louisiana, who is in charge of this legislation in the House, has said he will recommend no more than $2.7 billion for the 1964 fiscal year, ending next June 30.

In the Senate, no one challenged repeated claims of critics of the program that there was no possibility of Congress's voting a money bill of more than $3 billion.

Last Obstacle Removed

The last obstacle to Senate passage of the authorization bill was removed when the Administration agreed to suspend any underwriting by the Export-Import Bank of wheat or other grain shipments to the Soviet Union and the rest of the Communist bloc. This made it possible to sidetrack an amendment banning Federal participation in the grain deals.

The amendment, by Senator Karl E. Mundt, Republican of South Dakota, was withdrawn on assurance from the combined leadership that it would be con-